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- Topical pharmaceutical compositions for use in odontostomatology.
- Pharmaceutical compositions for topical use in odontostomatology containing allantoin and sulfur as active principles, show enhanced healing and regenerative effects.

TOPICAL PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITIONS FOR USE IN ODONTOSTOMATOLOGY

The invention refers to pharmaceutical compositions for topical use in odontostomatology, containing as the active principles allantoin and elemental sulfur. The elemental sulfur is known to exist in different forms (for instance: cyclohexasulfur, cycloheptasulfur, α , β or γ sulfur, cubic cyclooctasulfur, cyclodecasulfur, cyclodecasulfur, inscluble sulfur, colloidal sulfur, etc.); it should be understood that the invention comprises all said forms.

The pharmaceutical compositions object of the invention, for their peculiar properties, are particularly useful in the topical therapy of the odontostomatologic diseases such as gingivitis, stomatitis, inflammatory and ulcerative lesions of the oral cavity, parodontopathies, etc.

Both allantoin and sulfur are already used in therapy: allantoin is an effective stimulating agent of the cutaneous tissues regeneration and exhibits re-epithelizing and keratoplastic properties; sulfur exerts a stimulation effect in the tissular metabolic process, has trofic action on the capillary walls and exhibits a repairing and healing activity.

The combination of allantoin and sulfur in the pharmaceutical compositions of the invention surprisingly shows an higher therapeutic effect in comparison with that obtainable with the single components used separately; this may probably be due to a synergistic interction of the two substance.

Said surprising therapeutic characteristic gives to the pharmaceutical compositions of the invention advantageous therapeutic properties, which make them particularly useful in human and veterinary medicine for the treatment of gingival diseases and generally of the oral mucosa, whichever is the etiology causing them and whenever an effective healing, regenerative and lenitive therapy is desired.

In the compositions object of the present invention, the ratio of allantoin and sulfur concentrations is not critical and substantially depends on the considered pharmaceutical form. Generally, allantoin will be present in concentrations from 0.1 to 10%, while the sulfur concentration may be as high as 99.9%.

According to the desired pharmaceutical form, suitable excipients may be used provided that they are compatible; for the powder preparations, for instance, talc, lactose, clay, flavours, dyes, etc. may be used.

For the gel, paste or liquid preparations suitable suspending, aggregating, emulsionating, dispersing, flavouring, colouring agents etc., may be used. Both the different forms and the excipient substances are in any way already known in the considered prior art.

The pharmaceutical compositions of the invention may be added with complementar therapeutic substances such as vitamins (ascorbates, panthotenates, tocopherols, B complex, biotine, Vitamin A), antibiotics, chemotherapics, antiseptic agents, analgesics, antiphlogistic, antimycotic, antiviral, astringent, regulating agents of the oral pH, carriers of organic sulfur.

The following examples further illustrate the invention without limiting it in any way.

EXAMPLE_1

35. Allantoin 0.5 g

Ventilated sulfur 99.5 g

Preparation: the mixture is through mixed and is then sieved through a fine sieve.

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10 EXAMPLE_2 5 Allantoin g 15 50 Ventilated sulfur 100 Excipient: rice starch q.s. to g. EXAMPLE_3 20 . 5 Allantoin 45 Ventilated sulfur 3 Sodium chloride 25 Excipients: Bolus Alba kaolin 30 Rice starch 100 q.s. to g. 30 EXAMPLE_4 Allantoin 1.48 g Ventilated sulfur 40 35 Ascorbic acid (Vit. C) 1.76 g Excipient: rice starch 100 q.s. to 40 EXAMPLE_5 Allantoin 1.58 g

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Ventilated sulfur

Panthotenate calcium

Excipient: rice starch

q.s. to

40

100

4.76 g

g.

EXAMPLE_6

5	Allantoin		0.5	g .
	Ventilated sulfur		20	g
	Sodium bicarbonate		5	g
10	Excipients:			
	Hydrated colloidal silic	a .	1.5	g
	Peppermint alcoholate		0.2	g
15	Rice starch	q.s. to	100	g.
		EXAMPLE_7		
20	Allantoin		5	g
	Ventilated sulfur		45	g
	Lidocaine hydrochloride		1	g
25	Excipient: rice starch	q.s. to	100	g.
		EXAMPLE_8		
	Allantoin	•	0.5	g
30·	Ventilated sulfur		45	g,
	Cetyltrimethylammonium p	o-toluensulfonate	0.010) g
	Excipients:	•		
35	Lactose	•	30	g
	Rice starch	q.s. to	100	.g •
40		EXAMPLE_9		
	Allantoin		1.58	g
	Ventilated sulfur		30	g
45	Glycirretinic acid		4.70	g
	Excipient: rice starch	q.s. to	100	g.
		EXAMPLE 10		
50	Allantoin		1.58	g
	Ventilated sulfur		30	g
	Methionine		1.49	g
55	Excipient: rice starch	q.s. to	100	g.

EXAMPLE_11 Allantoin 1.58 g Ventilated sulfur 30 Clorhexidine 5.05 g 10 100 Excipient: rice starch q.s. to g. EXAMPLE 12 0.5 Allantoin g 15 3 Ventilated sulfur 200.000 U. Nystatin 5 Excipient: rice starch q.s. to 20 EXAMPLE 13 0.5 Allantoin g 30 Ventilated sulfur 25 Benzidamine hydrochloride 0.100 q 100 Excipient: rice starch q.s. to g. 30 EXAMPLE_14 5 Allantoin g Ventilated sulfur 30 Dexamethasone 0.05 gExcipient: rice starch 100 q.s. to g. EXAMPLE_15 5 Allantoin g Ventilated sulfur 30 Idoxuridine 1.5 Neomycin sulfate 0.6 Excipient: rice starch 100 q.s. to g. EXAMPLE 16 50 5 Allantoin Ventilated sulfur 30 Zinc citrate 0.1

	Excipient: rice starch	q.s. to	100	g.
5		EXAMPLE_17		
	Allantoin		5	g
	Ventilated sulfur		30	g
10	Aluminium dihydroxyallantoinate		. 5	g
	Excipient: rice starch	q.s. to	100	g.
		EXAMPLE_18		
15	Allantoin		0.5	g
20	Ventilated sulfur	•	35	g .
	Excipients:			
	Sodium carboxymethylcellulose		1.5	g
	Glycerin		13	g
25	Peppermint alcoholate		0.2	g
	Preserved water	q.s. to	100	g.

Preparation: the water is heated to 70° and the sodium carboxymethylcellulose is added in portions.

The gel so obtained is added with glycerine, sulfur and allantoin in a blade-mixer.

When the paste is at room temperature, the peppermint alcoholate is added.

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EXAMPLE 19

	Allantoin	0.5	g
40	Ventilated sulfur	35	g
	Sodium chloride	3	g
45	Hexetine	1	g
45	Excipients:		
	Glycerin	24	g
50	Colloidal silica	1.5	g
	Sodium carboxymethylcellulose	1.5	g
	Methyl p-hydroxybenzoate	0.065	g

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	Propyl p-hydroxybenzoate		0.035	g
5	Vanilline		0.004	g
	Calcium and aluminium la	k e	0.015	g
	Sterile water	q.s. to	100	g.
10		EXAMPLE_30		
	Allantoin		0.5	g
	Ventilated sulfur		10	g
15	Excipients:	•		
	Liquorice extract		1.5	g
	Peppermint essential oil		0.2	g ·
20	Eucalyptus essential oil		0.2	g
	Sorbitol		5	g
	Glycerin		10	g
25	Hydrated colloidal silic	a	2.5	g
	Sodium carboxymethylcell	ulose	0.5	g
30	Preserved water	q.s. to	100	g.

Claims

- 1. Oral pharmaceutical compositions for the treatment of gingival diseases or of the oral mucosa consisting of allantoin and sulfur in admixture with suitable inert excipients.
 - 2. Compositions according to claim 1, wherein sulfur is present as α , β or γ sulfur, cyclohexasulfur, cycloheptasulfur, cubic cyclohectasulfur, cyclohectasulfur, fibrous sulfur, insoluble sulfur or colloidal sulfur.
 - 3. Compositions according to claims 1 or 2 wherein allantoin is present in concentrations from 0.1 to 10% and sulfur up to 99.9%.
 - 4. Compositions according to any one of the preceeding claims in liquid forms or in gel, paste or powder form.
 - 5. Compositions according to any one of the previous claim containing other active principle having complementary therapeutic activity.

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EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

87 10 3308 EP

Category	1	indication, where appropriate, it passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (int. Cl.4)
1	INLISTED DRUGS, vo November 1984, pag- Thatham, New Jerse Acnolisal" Page 210b, "Acno	e 210b, y, US;	4)	. 61 K 33/04 / . 61 K 33/04 . 61 K 31:415)
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		-/-		
	The present search report has been	en drawn up for all claims		
TI	Place of search HE HAGUE	Date of completion of the se 26-06-1987	PEETER	Examiner

EPO Form 1503 03 82

X: particularly relevant if taken alone
Y: particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category
A: technological background
O: non-written disclosure
P: intermediate document

E: earli r patent document, but publi after the filing date
D: document cited in the application
L: document cited for other reasons

&: member of the same patent family, corresponding document



EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

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	Place of search	Date of completion of the s	earch	Examiner
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